

## HISTORY WHOLE SCHOOL PROGRESSION

	Progression of the Key Processes of History						
	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Asking Questions Disciplinary	Comment on images of familiar situations in the past. (R)	Ask questions and with support answer some simple historical questions.	Ask and answer simple historical questions.	Formulate simple questions from the sources.  Answer historical questions.	Begin to formulate, with support, historically valid questions.  Answer historical questions.	With support, formulate historically valid questions related to the key concepts.  Use questions to challenge historical concepts.	Formulate historically valid questions related to the key concepts.  Use questions to challenge historical concepts.
Using evidence/ Communicat ing Ideas Disciplinary	Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling (ELG)	Handle sources of evidence and make observations and simple comparisons.	Use sources – observe and handle to answer questions about the past.	Use sources to find out about period studied.	Expose pupils to primary and secondary sources.  Use a range of sources/ evidence to build up a picture of the past	Begin to identify primary and secondary sources.  Compare accounts of events from different sources (linked to key concept similarities and differences)	Recognise primary and secondary sources.  Link a range of sources to make own conclusions to one or more of the key concepts
Interpretatio ns of History	Know some similarities and differences	Understand some ways we find out about	Choose and use parts of stories and other	With support, evaluate the usefulness of	Begin to evaluate the usefulness of different sources.	Understand fact and opinion.	Identify which sources are fact and opinion.
Disciplinary	between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. (ELG)	the past.	resources to show understanding.	different sources.  With support, use various sources to piece together information about a period of history and with support discuss links to a key concept.	Use various sources to piece together information about a period of history and with support link to 1 key concept.	Offer some reasons for different versions of events.  Select relevant sections of information from sources to form conclusions linked to one of the key concepts.	Be aware that different evidence will lead to different conclusions, some evidence / authors may be persuading or giving a specific viewpoint.  Bring knowledge together to construct an informed response – linked to 1 or more key concept.



Chronologic	Sequence familiar	Sequence 3 or 4	Sequence	Place dates and	Place dates and	Place key events from	Place current period of study on
al	events (discuss)	artefacts/source	artefacts closer	events on a timeline	events on a	current period of study on	a time line in relation to other
Knowledge/	Use language	S.	together.	for the period being	timeline for the	a time line, in relation to	periods studied from years 1-6.
understandi	relating to time.	Sequence events	Sequence events	studied and discuss	period being	one other period of time.	Compare and explain a timeline
ng		within lifetime	on a timeline for	a key concept	studied.		in relation to more than one of
		on a simple line.	people and events	within the period		Make comparisons within	the 4 key concepts.
Disciplinary			beyond living	being studied.	Explain a key	or across the two periods	
		Exposure to BC/	memory.		concept within the	in relation to one of the 4	Summarise and evaluate your
		AD, years/		Use BC/ AD, years/	period studied.	key concepts.	timeline related to one or more
		centuries	Exposure to BC/	centuries relating to			of the key concepts
		relating to	AD, years/	period studied	Use BC/ AD, years/	Use relevant/ more	
		period studied	centuries relating	·	centuries relating to	complex dates	Use relevant/ more complex
		'	to period studied		period studied	e.g. 8 <sup>th</sup> May 1945	dates
			,		'	,	
							Look at continuity and change / cause and consequence.



Continuity and	EYFS	KS1	LKS2	UKS2
Change	Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past. (R)	Identify things that have changed or stayed the same between their own life and life at different times beyond living memory.	Explain and demonstrate an understanding of links between main events. Situations and changes within and across different periods and societies	Explain and demonstrate an understanding of links between main events. Situations and changes within and across different periods and societies
	Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society. (ELG)	Compare and contrast changes that have been made in a particular period of time- focussing on one or more: health, diet, routines, working life, home life, school life, education, clothing, transport, technology	Explain the change and continuity in the time period studied.  Develop a line of enquiry into change and continuity using at least one of the general categories/historical focus)  Political Economic Social/cultural Technology Religious	Justify how and why during period of rapid change some things have remained continuous.  Justify how and why during periods where there doesn't seem to be any change that change has happened.  Focus on one or more of the historical focus has changed through their time period studied or history on a longer scale (250-500 plus years)
Similarity and Difference	Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. (ELG)	Make observations about different types of people, events, beliefs within a period studied or their own lives.  Compare and contrast changes that have been made in a particular period of time-focussing on one or more: health, diet, routines, working life, home life, school life, education, clothing, transport, technology	Demonstrate an understanding of social, cultural and ethnic diversity in Britain and the wider world through history.  Use social, cultural, religious or ethnic diversity within a time period to show similarities and differences.  To explore the similarities and differences in a period of history in relation to now  To understand similarities and differences can unite people not just divide	Demonstrate an understanding of social, cultural and ethnic diversity in Britain and the wider world through history  Reach informed conclusions on one or more of social, cultural, religious or ethnic diversity in relation to one or more time periods studied and make hypothesis of why things are similar and different before using sources of evidence to seek answers.



Cause and Consequence	Speculate why things happen and give explanations.  Why did the plant grow? Not grow?  Use Christmas/Easter stories and Link to RE  Link to stories- why did that happen? What causedto act like that?	Recognise why people did things, why events happened and what happened as a result.  Why did this event occur?  What happened after the event?  Why did someone act like they did? (Develop Empathy)  Linked to chronology and explore the events leading up to another event and the direct consequences after and the impact on people and society.	Identify and explain reasons for results of historical events, situations and changes.  To understand what has changed in at least one area of history (society, people, beliefs, language, culture, government etc) as a result of an event.  Summarise what caused the event.	Identify and explain reasons for results of historical events, situations and changes.  Evaluate how the period/event has impacted Britain and one or more areas of historical focus (society, people, language, culture, government etc) both short and long term?  Identify the short- and long-term causes of an event/period of time and start to make justifications on which causes were the most important.
Significance	Recognise and describe special time or events for them, friends	Talk about who was important e.g. in a simple historical account	Identify historically significant people and events and situations	Identify historically significant people and events and situations
	and family to others  Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society. (ELG)	To discuss how historical events and people can impact on life after an event  Exemplification  Samuel Pepys. Amy Johnson/ Florence Nightingale- Why are they seen as significant? How have things changes as a result of this person?	Understand the significant contribution (insert historical person) made to society.  Why was such an event seen as significant after the time?  Why is this period in history seen as significant to Britain now?	To know how important the consequences a person or event was on a local, national and international scale and why it would be considered significant drawing on two or more criteria - importance, profundity, quantity, durability, relevance.  Evaluate the significant historical events on one or more period of times and how they



How do we know about them? How has this historical event impacted on life afterwards?	Relate the significance to one or more of the criteria- importance, profundity, quantity, durability, relevance  Evaluate significant historical events in one period of history.	impacted life then and the impact on life now.
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